

APAC 2026

**aR_e You Ready!! Fun, Fast &
Functional Coding Tips**

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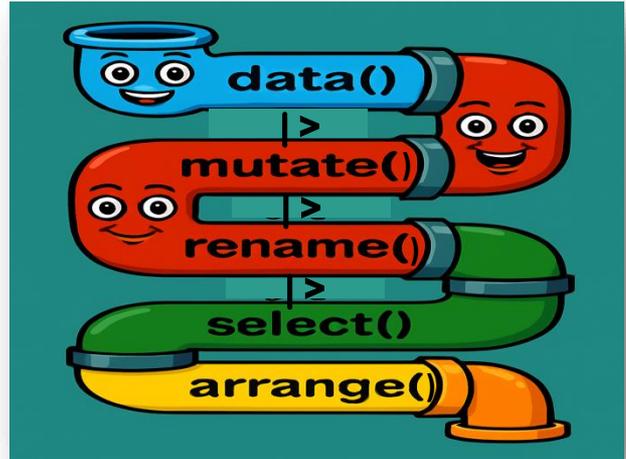
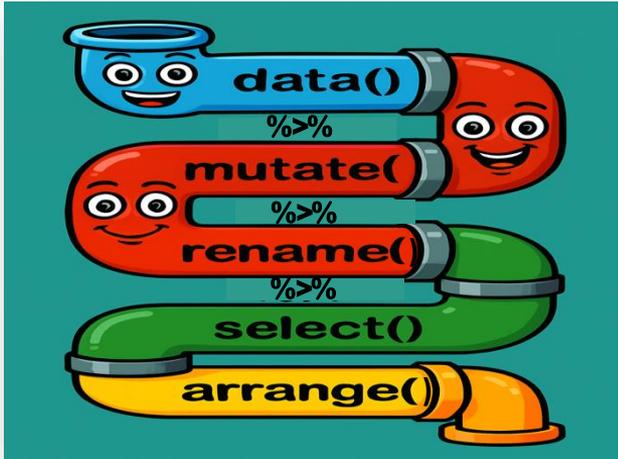


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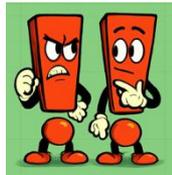
%>% (magrittr pipe)

|> (native pipe)



```
library(dplyr)
ADSL<- ads1 %>%
  mutate(AGEGRP = ifelse(AGE > 65, "Elderly", "Adult")) %>%
  rename(SUBJECTID = SUBJID) %>%
  select(SUBJECTID, AGE, AGEGRP, SEX) %>%
  arrange(AGE)
```

```
ADSL<- ads1 |>
  mutate(AGEGRP = ifelse(AGE > 65, "Elderly", "Adult")) |>
  rename(SUBJECTID = SUBJID) |>
  select(SUBJECTID, AGE, AGEGRP, SEX) |>
  arrange(AGE)
```



Logical Not

**Unquote a
single
name/variable**

**Unquote
multiple
names/variables**

```
ADSL %>% filter(!is.na(AGE))
```

```
varname <- quo(AGE)  
ADSL %>% select(!varname)
```

```
vars <- quos(USUBJID, AGE, SEX)  
ADSL %>% select(!vars)
```

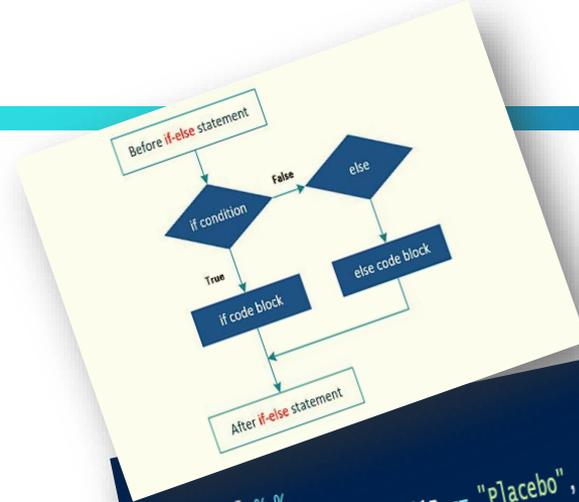
Switch()

VS

ifelse()



```
ADSL <- ads1 %>%
  rowwise() %>%
  mutate(TRTGRP = switch(TRT01P,
    "placebo" = "placebo Group",
    "DrugA" = "Drug A Group",
    "DrugB" = "Drug B Group",
    "other"))
```



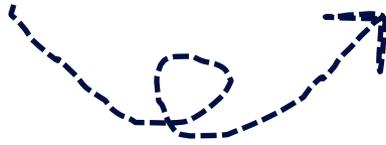
```
ADSL <- ads1 %>%
  mutate(TRTGRP = ifelse(TRT01P == "placebo", "placebo Group",
    ifelse(TRT01P == "DrugA", "Drug A Group",
    ifelse(TRT01P == "DrugB", "Drug B Group",
    "other"))))
```





Proc Sort in SAS

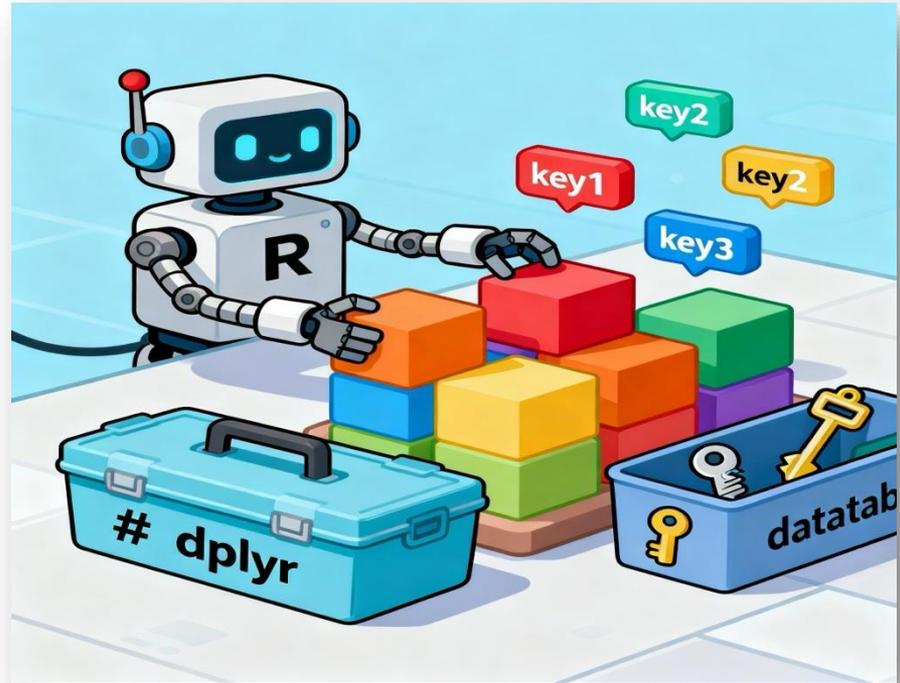
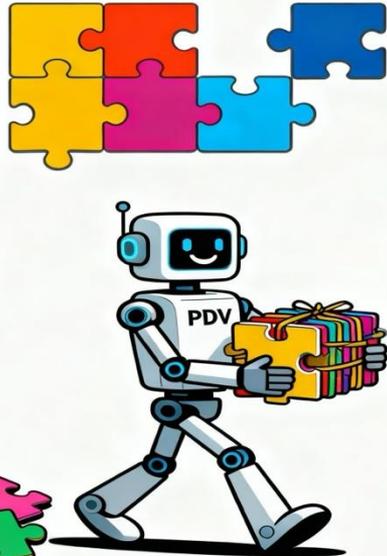
No Sorting
required in R



Unsorted Data



Sorted Data



Glue() & Paste() – brothers from another mother !



paste() - base R function

glue() - from the **glue** package

Paste()

- **paste(..., sep = " ", collapse = NULL)**

- **glue(..., .sep = "", .envir = parent.frame())**

Glue()

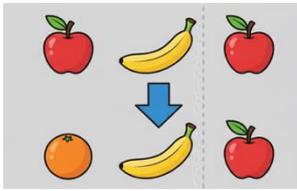
```
name <- "Xeviers"
age <- 25
paste("My name is", name, "and I am", age, "years old.")

# Output: "My name is Xeviers and I am 25 years old."
```

```
library(glue)
name <- "Xeviers"
age <- 25
glue("My name is {name} and I am {age} years old.")
```

```
ADAE1 $subj_info <- paste(
  "subject", adsl_ae$ USUBJID, "is a", adsl_ae$ AGE, "years old",
  adsl_ae$ SEX, "with", adsl_ae$ AEDECODE, "adverse event(s)."
)
```

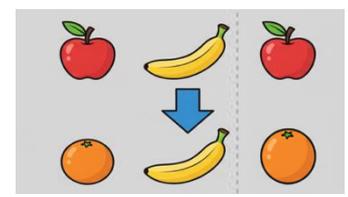
```
ADAE1 $subj_info <- glue(
  "subject {USUBJID} is a {AGE} year old {SEX} with {AEDECODE} adverse event(s)."
)
```



Sub()
substitute first

&

Gsub()
global substitute



Sub() : sub(pattern, replacement, x, ignore.case=FALSE, perl=FALSE, fixed=FALSE)

- **sub(pattern, replacement, x, ...)** finds the first occurrence of pattern in each element of x and replaces it with replacement.

Gsub() : gsub(pattern, replacement, x, ignore.case = FALSE, perl = FALSE, fixed = FALSE)

- **gsub(pattern, replacement, x, ...)** replaces every (global) occurrence of pattern in each element of x.

```
ADSL <- data.frame(  
  TRT01A = c(" PPlacebo", "Drug_20 ", "Drug _40", " Drug_60 ")  
)
```

```
ADSL$TRT01A1 <- sub(" ", "", ADSL$TRT01A)  
# [1] "PPlacebo" "Drug_20 " "Drug _40" " Drug_60 "
```

```
ADSL <- data.frame(  
  TRT01A = c(" PPlacebo", "Drug_20 ", "Drug _40", " Drug_60 ")  
)
```

```
ADSL$TRT01A1 <- gsub(" ", "", ADSL$TRT01A)  
# [1] "PPlacebo" "Drug_20" "Drug_40" "Drug_60"
```

Moody “NA”

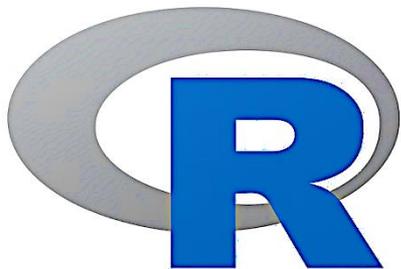


Operand 1	Operand 2	& Result	Result	Explanation (Layman)
TRUE	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE	Both true, so AND and OR are true
TRUE	FALSE	FALSE	TRUE	AND false because one false; OR true because one true
FALSE	FALSE	FALSE	FALSE	Both false, so AND and OR are false
TRUE	NA	NA	TRUE	AND unknown because unknown & true unknown; OR true because one true
FALSE	NA	FALSE	NA	AND false because false & unknown is false; OR unknown because unknown or false unknown
NA	NA	NA	NA	Both unknown, result unknown

```
# AND examples
TRUE & TRUE    # TRUE: both true
TRUE & FALSE   # FALSE: one false makes whole false
FALSE & NA     # FALSE: false dominates
TRUE & NA     # NA: unknown because one side unknown
NA & NA       # NA: both unknown
```

```
# OR examples
TRUE | FALSE   # TRUE: one true makes whole true
FALSE | FALSE  # FALSE: both false
FALSE | NA     # NA: unknown because one side unknown
TRUE | NA     # TRUE: true dominates
NA | NA       # NA: both unknown
```

R 4.5.1: Great Square Root



4.5.1

Great Square Root



factanal()

pbeta()

prettynum()

signif()

dbinom(), dnbinom()

Tcl/Tk 9 support

unzip()

Genzplyr: only for fun purpose



The translation guide

dplyr verb	genzplyr verb	Meaning
<code>filter()</code>	<code>yeet()</code>	Remove rows that don't pass the vibe check
<code>select()</code>	<code>vibe_check()</code>	Keep only columns that matter
<code>mutate()</code>	<code>glow_up()</code>	Transform your data into its best self
<code>summarise()</code>	<code>no_cap()</code>	Get real summary stats, no lies
<code>arrange()</code>	<code>slay()</code>	Sort by slay factor
<code>group_by()</code>	<code>squad_up()</code>	Group data into squads
<code>ungroup()</code>	<code>disband()</code>	Break up the squad
<code>rename()</code>	<code>lowkey()</code>	Change names on the down-low
<code>distinct()</code>	<code>periodt()</code>	Remove duplicates, and that's on periodt
<code>pull()</code>	<code>main_character()</code>	Extract a column (give it main character energy)
<code>slice_head()</code>	<code>send_it()</code>	Take the top rows and send it
<code>count()</code>	<code>its_giving()</code>	Count occurrences (it's giving statistics)
<code>left_join()</code>	<code>link_up()</code>	Merge datasets but keep all your day-ones (left table stays main squad)
<code>right_join()</code>	<code>clout_chase()</code>	Merge, but the other chums call the shots on who stays (right table is main squad)
<code>inner_join()</code>	<code>mutuals_only()</code>	Merge, but only keep rows where both tables are mutually following each other
<code>full_join()</code>	<code>everyone_in_the_groupchat()</code>	Bring everyone, even if messy (keeps all rows)
<code>anti_join()</code>	<code>ghost()</code>	Forget about those who don't vibe with you (remove non-matching rows)
<code>semi_join()</code>	<code>only_the_reals()</code>	Just keep the rows that vibe with both tables (matching rows only)

Installation

```
pak::pak("hadley/genzplyr")
```

Old way (Cringe):

```
mtcars |>
  filter(mpg > 20) |>
  select(mpg, cyl, hp) |>
  mutate(kpg = mpg * 1.6) |>
  arrange(desc(mpg))
```

New way (Bussin):

```
mtcars |>
  yeet(mpg > 20) |>
  vibe_check(mpg, cyl, hp) |>
  glow_up(kpg = mpg * 1.6) |>
  slay(desc(mpg))
```



Reference:

1. <https://tidyverse.org/blog/2023/04/base-vs-magrittr-pipe/>
2. <https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/cpp/switch-vs-else/>
3. <https://stackoverflow.com/questions/53049986/r-functions-glue-vs-paste>
4. <https://communities.sas.com/t5/SAS-Programming/Is-it-a-must-to-do-proc-sort-right-before-merging-dataset-using/td-p/709497>
5. <https://stackoverflow.com/questions/44045220/data-need-to-be-sorted-before-merging-in-r>
6. <https://github.com/hadley/genzplyr/?tab=readme-ov-file>



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