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CI/CD In R Packages Development With Risk Management

Building Automated Workflows and Risk-Managed Sustainable Development Paradigms

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Contents

01 Introduction

02 CI/CD

03 Risk-Manage Paradigms

04 Q&A



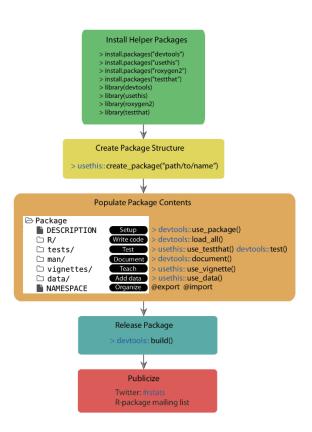


O1 Introduction CI/CD/ R PACKAGE/ CRAN



The Whole Game

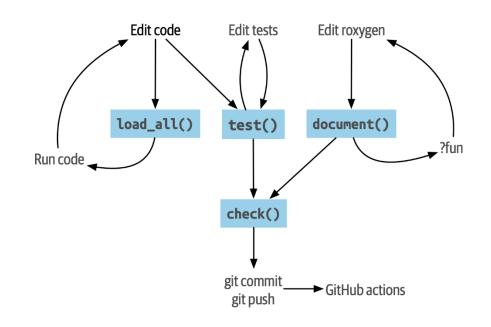
- Install Helper Packages
- ☐ Create Package Structure
- Populate Package Contents
- Release Package
- N Publicize





Pain Point Of Traditional Manual Methods 🔂

- Efficiency Bottlenecks In The **Development Process**
- Collaboration And Quality **Control Challenges**
- **Delivery And Maintenance** Risks



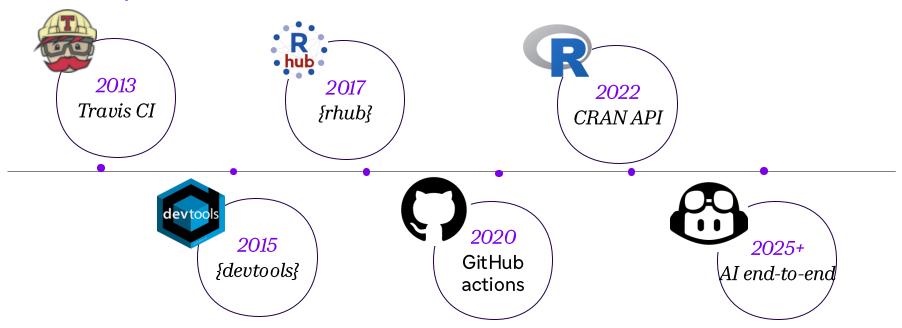


O2 CI/CD CONTINUOUS INTERROGATION/DELIVERY



Millstones

R package development has evolved from craftsmanship to Al-driven industrial production

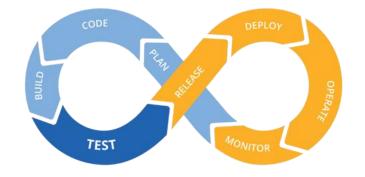




What is CI/CD?

Definition

- CI/CD stands for Continuous Integration, Continuous Delivery (or Continuous Deployment), which represents a culture and process around constantly integrating new code.
- Long ago, we had Waterfall, then it was Agile, and now it's DevOps. DevOps is how modern developers are building great products.

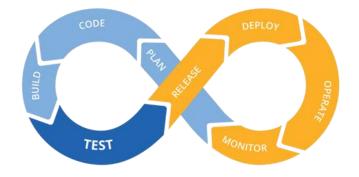




Why CI/CD?

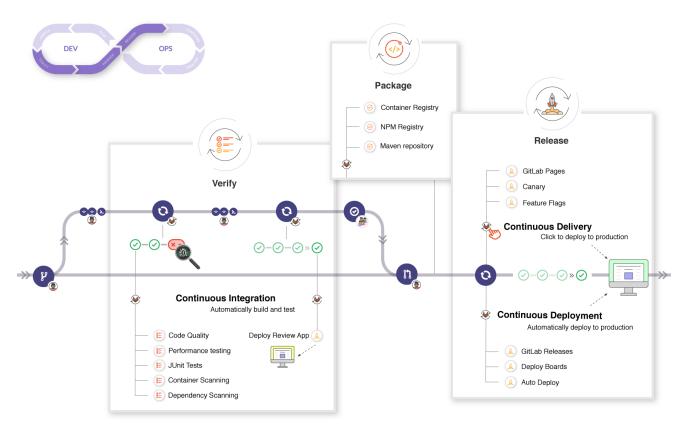
Why use CI/CD for a R package

- Multiple Contributors On Your R Package
- User Base On Multiple Oses And Multiple R Versions
- Faster Turnaround On Pull Requests
- Catch Issues(bugs) Early
- Enforce Style Conventions And Preferences
- Measure Test Coverage For New Code
- ...





CI/CD Workflows





CI/CD Usage

CI

- Automated Testing
- 2. Code Quality Checking
- 3. Dependency Management Validation
- 4. Build And Pre-cran-checking

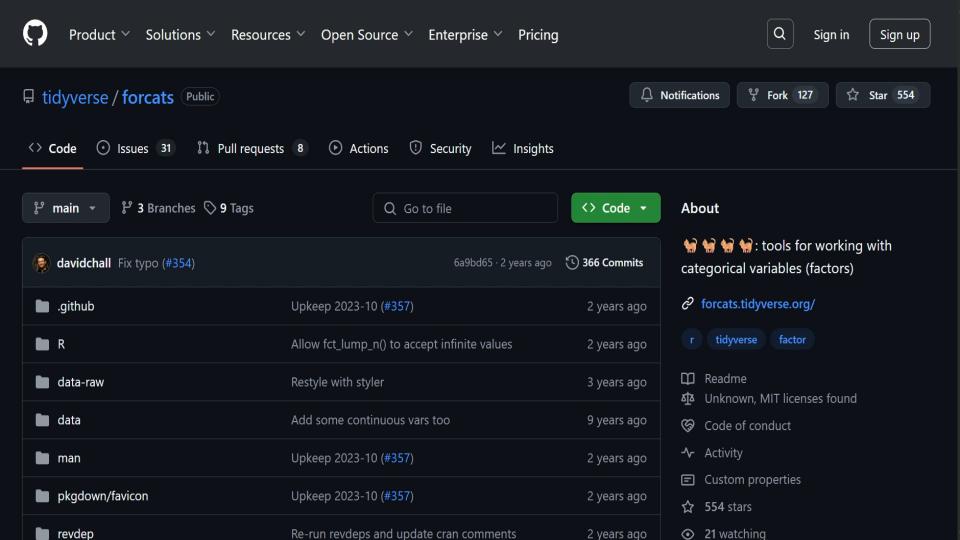
CD

- 1. Dynamic Documentation
- 2. Binary Package Building And Distribution
- 3. Risk Scoring And Compliance Checks
- 4. Trigger Deployment Preparation

```
# GitHub Actions example
name: R package CI
push:
 branches: [main]
pull request:
 branches: [main]
iobs:
build:
 runs-on: ubuntu-latest
 steps:
 - uses: actions/checkout@v2
 - name: Set up R
  uses: r-lib/actions/setup-r@v1
 - name: Install dependencies
  run:
   install.packages(c("testthat", "devtools"))
   devtools::install_deps(dependencies = TRUE)
 - name: Run tests
  run:
   library(testthat)
   test_package(".")
```

<u>Workflow runs · tidyverse/forcats</u>





O3 Risk-Manage Paradigms

RISK INTRO/ SOLUTIONS/ INTEGRATION



Risk In R Package Life Cycle

Phase	Risk ID	Risk Name	Description	Severity
Development Phase	1.1	Code Quality Defects	Maintenance difficulties from redundant code/logical flaws	High
	1.2	Dependency Conflicts	Build failures caused by third-party library version inconsistencies	Medium
	1.3	Security Vulnerabilities	Exploitable unpatched vulnerabilities	Critical
Operational Phase	2.1	Compatibility Issues	System/device adaptation problems (e.g., interface protocol/data format mismatches)	High
	2.2	Legal Compliance Risks	Data privacy, intellectual property, and regulatory compliance concerns	Critical
	2.3	User Activity Decline	Operational disruptions caused by reduced user engagement	Medium





{risk.assessr}

Introduction



Gillian, E., Bottois, H., Charliquart, P., & Couturier, A. (2025). sanofi.risk.assessr: Assessing package risk metrics (Version 2.0.0) [R package].

Sanofi Public Repository. GNU General Public v2.0 Licensed

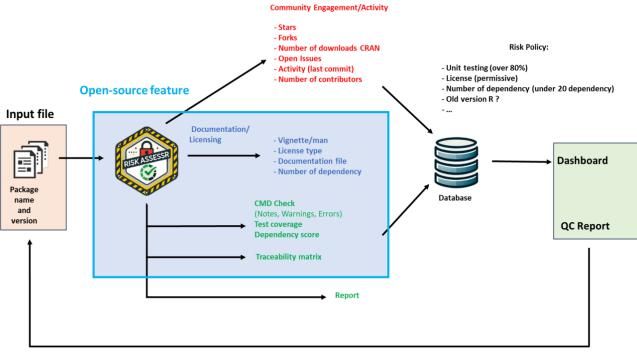
Retrieved from Sanofi-Public/risk.assessr: Define quality variables for evaluating the risk associated with R packages.





{risk.assessr}

Package Validation Workflow

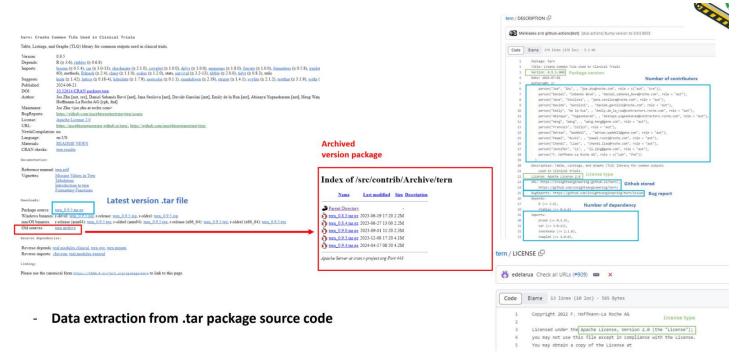






{risk.assessr}

Data Extraction From The Source Code On CRAN

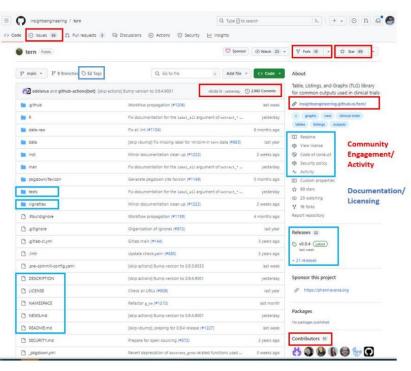






{risk.assessr}

Data Extraction From GitHub

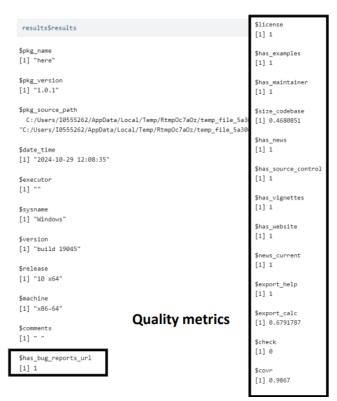


- Data extraction from github repository and CRAN download:
 - Stars
 - Forks
 - Last commit
 - Number of downloads (Last month, Total)





{risk.assessr}



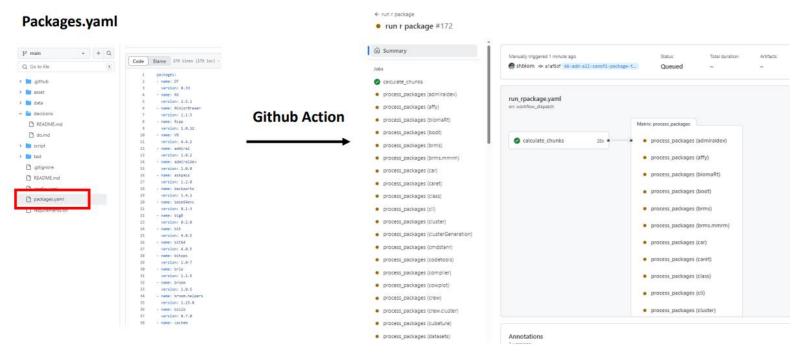






{risk.assessr}

Package Validation Workflow: DB Rpackage

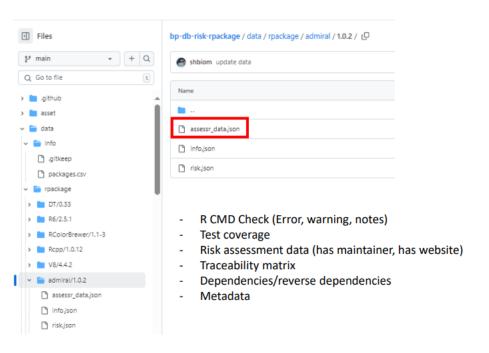






{risk.assessr}

DB R Package: assessr_data.json



```
"package name": "admiral",
  "pkg version": "1.0.2"
"coverage": {
                       CMD Check/
"cmd check": {
                       Test coverage
"risk assessment": {
  "has_bug_reports_url": "1",
  "license": "1",
  "has_examples": "1",
  "has_maintainer": "1",
                                                  Quality
  "size_codebase": "0.977658623771224",
  "has_news": "1",
  "has source control": "1",
  "has vignettes": "1",
  "has website": "1",
  "news current": "1",
  "export help": "0",
  "export calc": "0.153418123706183",
  "date_time": "2024-10-01 13:24:53.337273",
  "overall risk score": "0.397970483864302",
 "risk profile": "High"
"traceability_matrix": [... Traceability matrix
  "pkg_source_path": "/tmp/RtmpD3H4HU/temp_file_20fef6102be/admiral"
  "date_time": "2024-10-01 13:24:53.337273",
  "executor": "",
  "sysname": "Linux",
  "version": "#1 SMP Tue Aug 1 20:51:38 UTC 2023",
  "release": "5.10.186-179.751.amzn2.x86_64",
  "machine": "x86 64",
  "comments": " ",
  "risk assessr_version": "1.0.0",
  "R version": "R version 4.4.1 (2024-06-14)",
  "data_acquisition_time_sec": "246.689524412155"
```





{risk.assessr}

Validation Policy Rules (Ongoing)

Low Risk:

A package is low risk if all these criteria are met:

- R CMD check The package passes a R CMD check without ERRORS
- RCMD check Passes CRAN feasibility check (extra checks run to assess CRAN submission)
- Test coverage over 80%
- Each exported function has at least one unit test (excluding re-exported from other packages functions)
- Number of dependencies <= 20
- Documentation (Package has examples, vignettes, website, maintainer ...)
- License(type of permissive): MIT, Apache 2, Artistic-2

Medium Risk:

A package is Medium risk if one or more of these criteria fails:

- R CMD check passed with WARNINGs and/or NOTEs
- Test coverage between 60% 80%
- Some exported functions do not have a unit test and/or function test coverage
 60% (exclude re-exported functions)
- · Number of dependencies between 20 40
- Influence reverse dependencies (< 5 reverse dependencies)
- License GPL or LGPL or undear licenses OR GPL/LGPL in dependencies
- · 5 versions behind the latest one

High Risk:

A package is High Risk if one or more of these criteria fail:

Fail one or more of the following criteria:

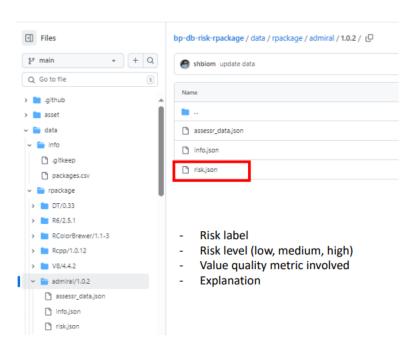
- R CMD basic check
- Test coverage over 60%
- Number of dependencies > 40
- License: GNU Affero GPL(AGPL) 3.0, CeCILL v2.1, Open Software Licence 3.0, Server Side Public License(SSPL) 1.0 or other "non-SAAS-friendly" license





{risk.assessr}

DB R package Rules: risk.json



```
package_name": "admiral",
"package_version": "1.0.2",
       "risk label": "Licence",
       "threshold":
       "explanation": "License is permissive (e.g., MIT, Apache) and favored for use."
       "threshold": 60.
       "explanation": "Code coverage is below the acceptable threshold set at 60."
       "explanation": "Number of dependencies exceeds the acceptable between 20 and 40."
       "explanation": "Less than 5 packages versions behind the latest version"
      "risk_label": "CMD_check",
       "threshold": null,
       "explanation": "The package contains notes during CMD check.\nWarnings found during CMD check.\nErrors found during CMD check.
```

decision_report_dplyr_1.1.4.html



Package Decision Document for dplyr version 1.1.4



Package Details			
Туре	Values		
Package	dplyr		
Version	1.1.4		
Package Description			
CRAN link	https://cran.r-project.org/src/contrib/dplyr_1.1.4.tar.gz		
GitHub repository	https://github.com/tidyverse/dplyr		
Bioconductor Link	No Bioconductor link found		
Intent of Use			

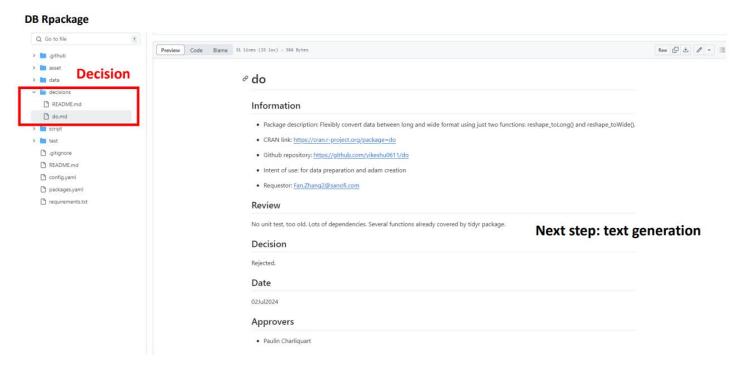
Activity Summary

Requestor



{risk.assessr}

Documentation Approval Decision





Thank you

