

[PHUSE Netherland SDE 2022 – September 29th]

Real World Evidence in Action

Things to Consider
for an Analytics Platform
for Regulatory Submission

Fadi Glor

Health and Life Sciences Advisor

William Kuan

Industry Consultant, EMEA & AP Health and Life Sciences Practice



Who is Fadi

- Engineer by degree
- PhD in London
 - PhIV study, looking for people with hypertension
 - Administering compounds from AZ, Pfizer and a placebo
 - No real RWD – was a classical case of Randomised Interventional Trials
 - Knew exactly how many patients we needed
 - Knew exactly what measurements were wanted
- Occupation
 - ESSEVEE
 - SAS
- This presentation reflects the opinions of the presenters and should not be construed or considered to represent regulatory authorities' views or policies.

Who is Fadi

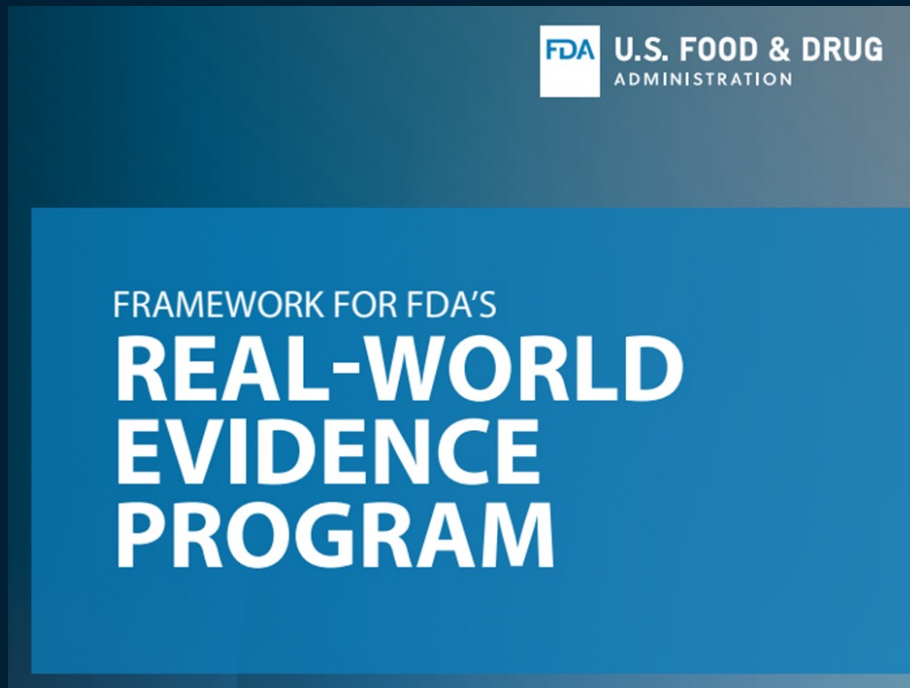
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In “the beginning”

= Dec 2018

<https://www.fda.gov/media/120060/download>





European Medicines Agency

234,567 followers

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EMA has endorsed a joint statement calling for international collaboration to enable the generation and use of real-world evidence for regulatory decision-making published today by the International Coalition of Medicines Regulatory Authorities.

In their statement, ICMRA members pledge to foster global efforts and further enable the integration of real-world evidence into regulatory decision-making. They identify four focus areas for regulatory cooperation on real-world data and real-world evidence.

[#ICMRA](#) [#RealWorldEvidence](#) [#medicines](#) [#collaboration](#)



Global regulators call for international collaboration to integrate real-world evidence into regulatory decision-making - European Medicines Agency

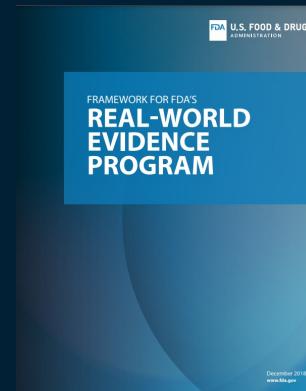
ema.europa.eu • 2 min read

Real World Data (RWD) & Real World Evidence (RWE)



Potential use of RWE

- adding or modifying an indication (e.g. a change in dose, dose regimen, or route of administration)
- adding a new population;
- adding comparative effectiveness or safety information



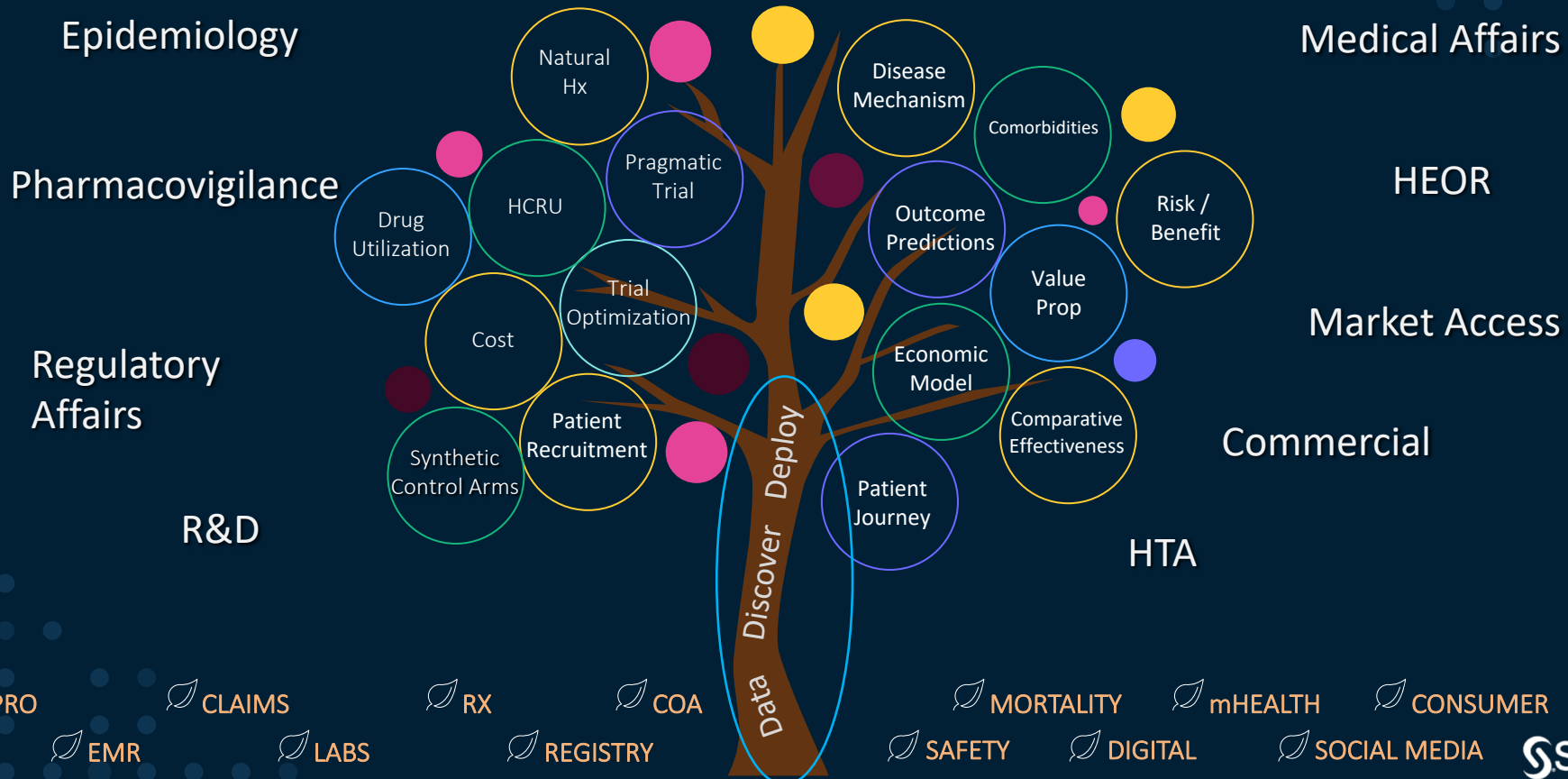
Real World Data (RWD)

Examples



- Electronic health records (EHRs)
- Claims and billing activities
- Product and disease registries
- Patient-generated data including in home-use settings
- Data gathered from other sources that can inform on health status, such as mobile devices

Stakeholders and Use Cases



Guidance on RWE

Date Published	Title
December 2018	<u>Framework for FDA's Real-World Evidence Program</u>
May 2019	<u>Submitting Documents Utilizing Real-World Data and Real-World Evidence to FDA for Drugs and Biologics</u>
September 2021	<u>Assessing Electronic Health Records and Medical Claims Data To Support Regulatory Decision-Making for Drug and Biological Products</u>
October 2021	<u>Data Standards for Drug and Biological Product Submissions Containing Real-World Data</u>
November 2021	<u>Assessing Registries to Support Regulatory Decision-Making for Drug and Biological Products</u>
December 2021	<u>Considerations for the Use of Real-World Data and Real-World Evidence To Support Regulatory Decision-Making for Drug and Biological Products</u>

The most recent publication

May 2022

Publications and Guidance

- [Framework for FDA's Real-World Evidence Program](#) (PDF - 2.6MB)
- Guidance: [Assessing Electronic Health Records and Medical Claims Data To Support Regulatory Decision-Making for Drug and Biological Products](#)
- Guidance: [Assessing Registries to Support Regulatory Decision-Making for Drug and Biological Products](#)
- Guidance: [Conducting Real-World Evidence Studies To Support Regulatory Decision-Making for Drug and Biological Products](#)
- Guidance: [Designing Real-World Evidence Studies To Support Regulatory Decision-Making for Drug and Biological Products](#)
- Guidance: [Supporting Real-World Evidence Studies To Support Regulatory Decision-Making for Drug and Biological Products](#)
- Guidance: [Use of Electronic Health Records in Clinical Investigations](#)
- Guidance: [Use of Real-World Evidence to Support Regulatory Decision-Making for Medical Devices](#)
- Publication 2020: [Randomized, observational, interventional, and real-world- What's in a name?](#) (PDF - 420MB)
- Publication 2022: [Real-World Evidence- Where Are We Now?](#) (PDF - 161KB)

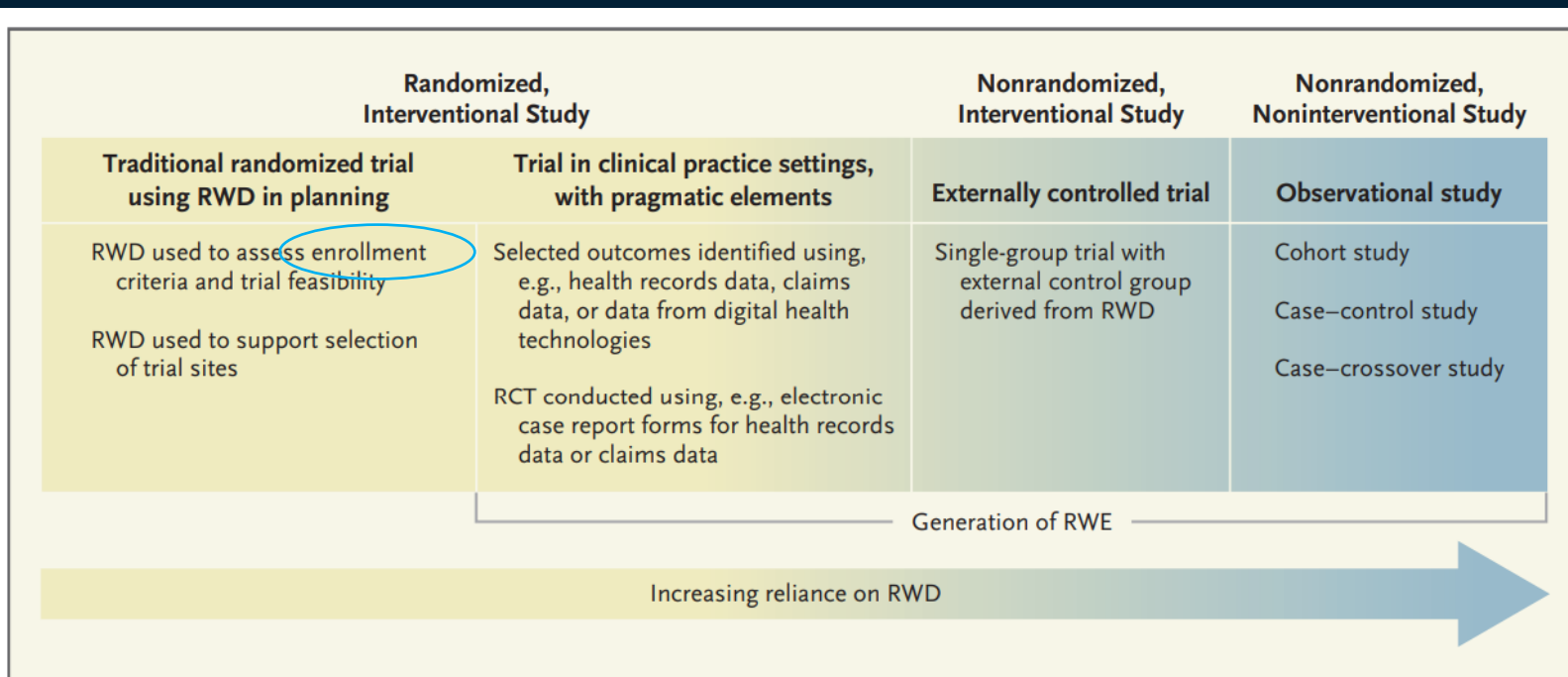
PERSPECTIVE

REAL-WORLD EVIDENCE — WHERE ARE WE NOW?

Real-World Evidence — Where Are We Now?

John Concato, M.D., M.P.H., and Jacqueline Corrigan-Curay, J.D., M.D.

Degree of reliance on RWD varies with the type of study design

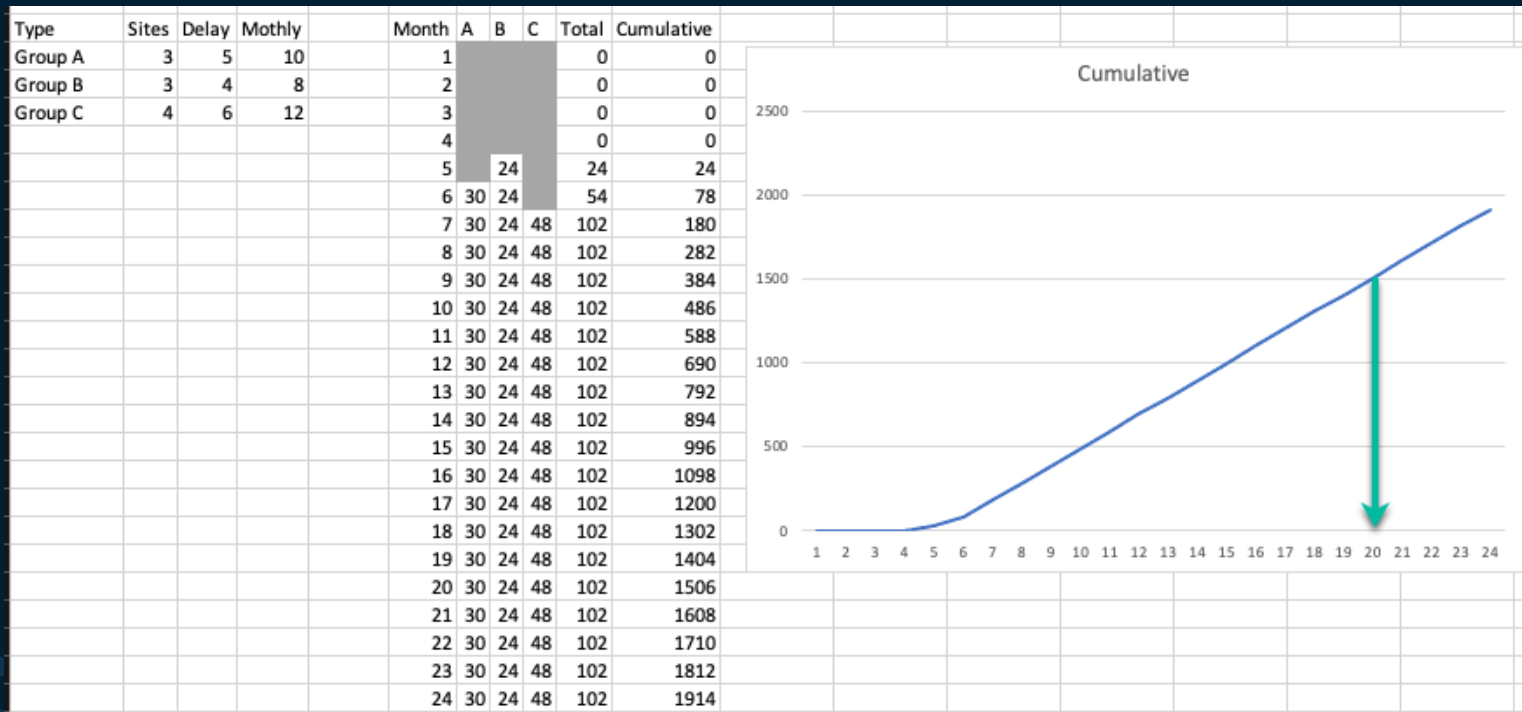


Reliance on RWD in Representative Types of Study Design.

RCT denotes randomized, controlled trial; RWD real-world data; and RWE real-world evidence.

Projecting Enrollment

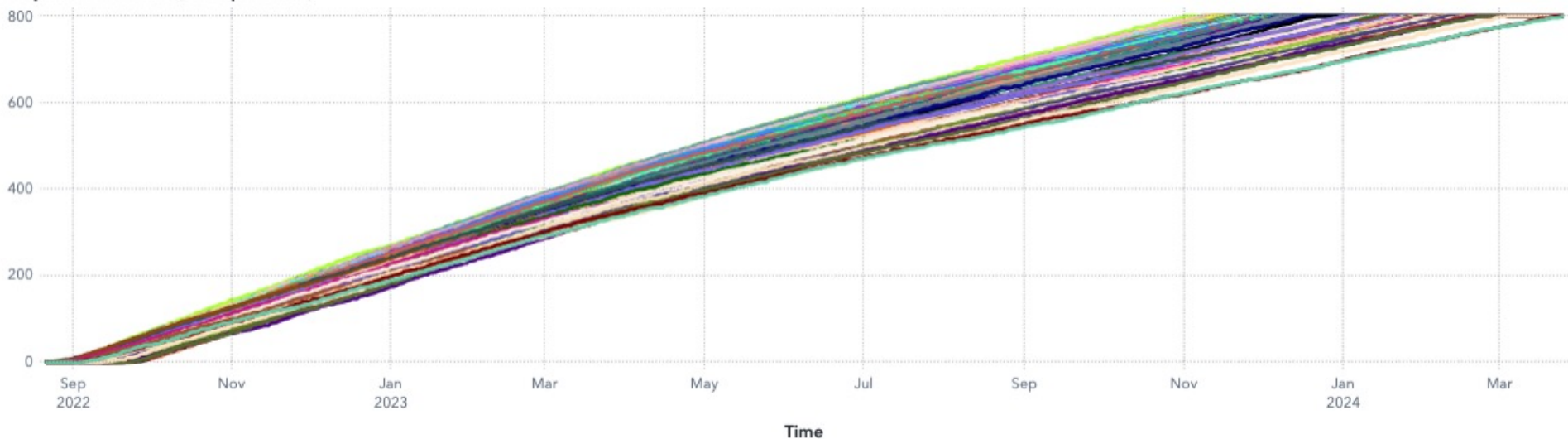
Excel Calculations



Simulating Enrollment

Solving the Problems with Multiple Replications

Projected Enrollment (All Replications)



Simulating Enrollment

Calculate Probabilities of Success

			Success Rate Range		
Target Name	Target Date	Success Rate	Best	Median	Worst
Dates					
First Country Approval	Not provided	N/A	July 26, 2022	August 6, 2022	August 25, 2022
First Site Startup	August 31, 2022	46%	August 19, 2022	September 1, 2022	September 21, 2022
First Subject Screening	Not provided	N/A	August 23, 2022	September 5, 2022	September 25, 2022
First Subject Enrollment	September 15, 2022	89%	August 23, 2022	September 6, 2022	September 25, 2022
First Subject's First Visit	Not provided	N/A	August 30, 2022	September 13, 2022	October 2, 2022
First Subject's Last Visit	Not provided	N/A	February 19, 2023	March 5, 2023	March 24, 2023
End of Enrollment	December 31, 2023	69%	November 2, 2023	December 1, 2023	March 25, 2024
Last Subject's First Visit	Not provided	N/A	November 9, 2023	December 8, 2023	April 1, 2024
Last Subject's Last Visit	Not provided	N/A	April 30, 2024	May 29, 2024	September 21, 2024
Cost					
Estimated Cost	\$2,900,000	61%	\$2,802,916	\$2,885,824	\$2,974,546

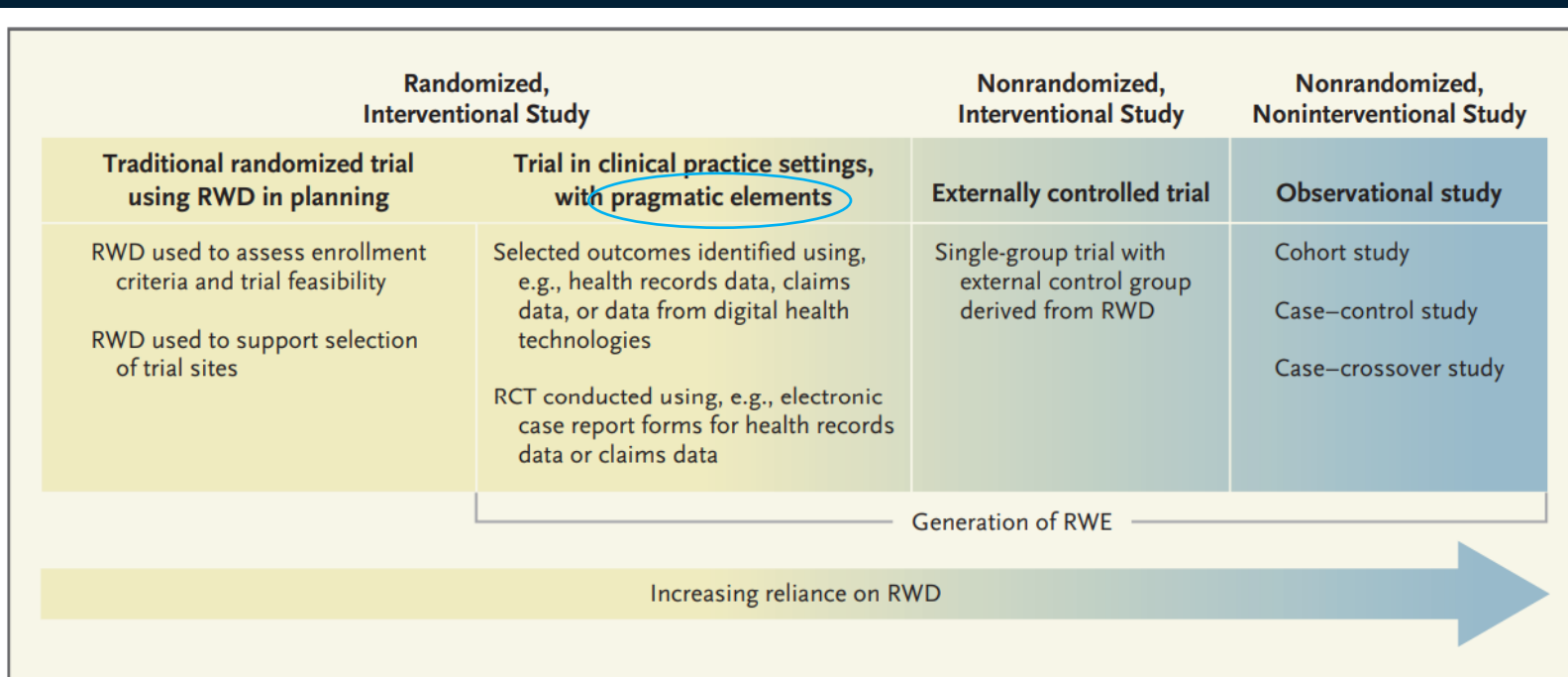
Simulating Enrollment

Scenario Management

Scenario Success Rates for Optional Target Dates

	Cardiology Baseline	Cardio Faster Startup
First Country Approval	N/A	N/A
First Site Startup	46%	100%
First Subject Screening	N/A	N/A
First Subject Enrollment	89%	100%
First Subject's Last Visit	N/A	N/A
Last Subject's Last Visit	N/A	N/A
End of Enrollment	69%	70%

Degree of reliance on RWD varies with the type of study design



Reliance on RWD in Representative Types of Study Design.

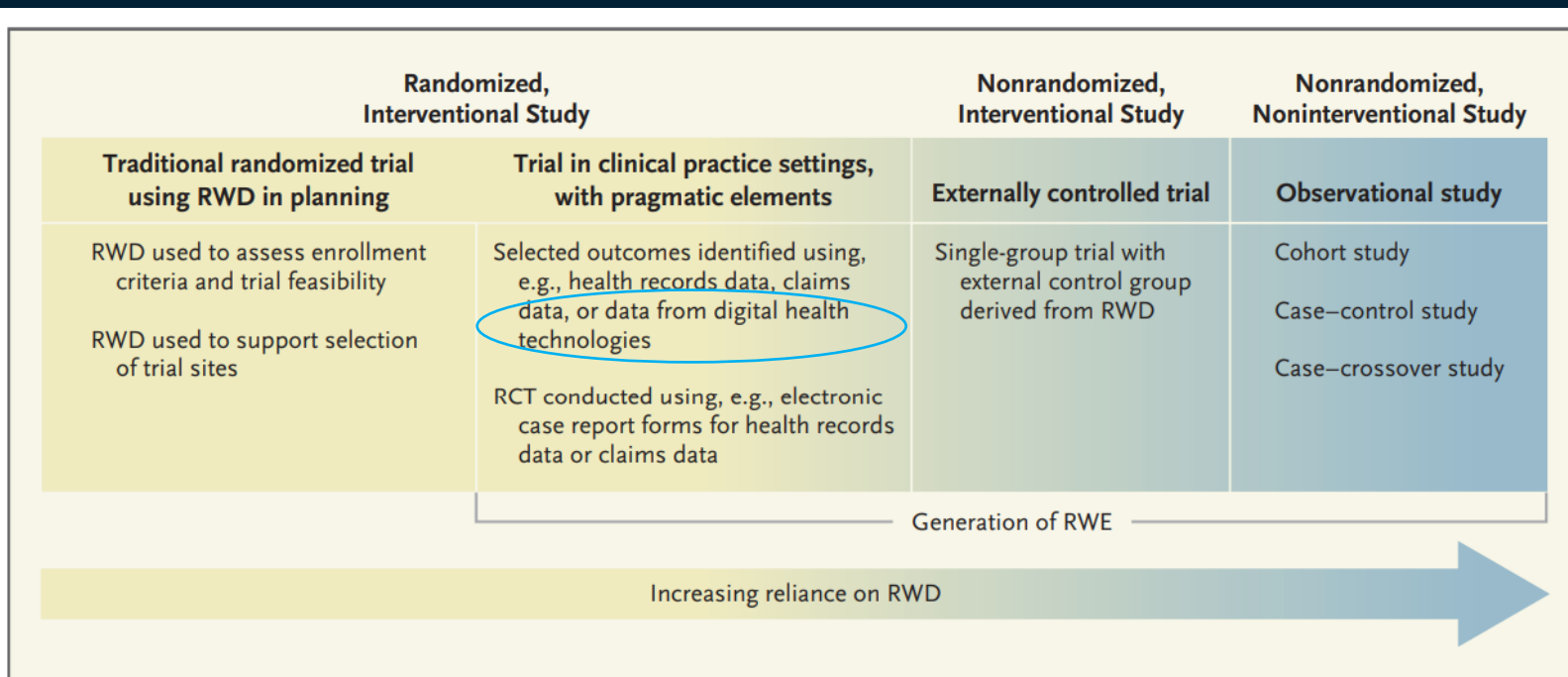
RCT denotes randomized, controlled trial; RWD real-world data; and RWE real-world evidence.

Figure 1: Magic Quadrant for Data Quality Solutions



Source: Gartner (September 2021)

Degree of reliance on RWD varies with the type of study design



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Digital Biomarkers - Endpoints

Enabling Decentralized / Hybrid Clinical Trials

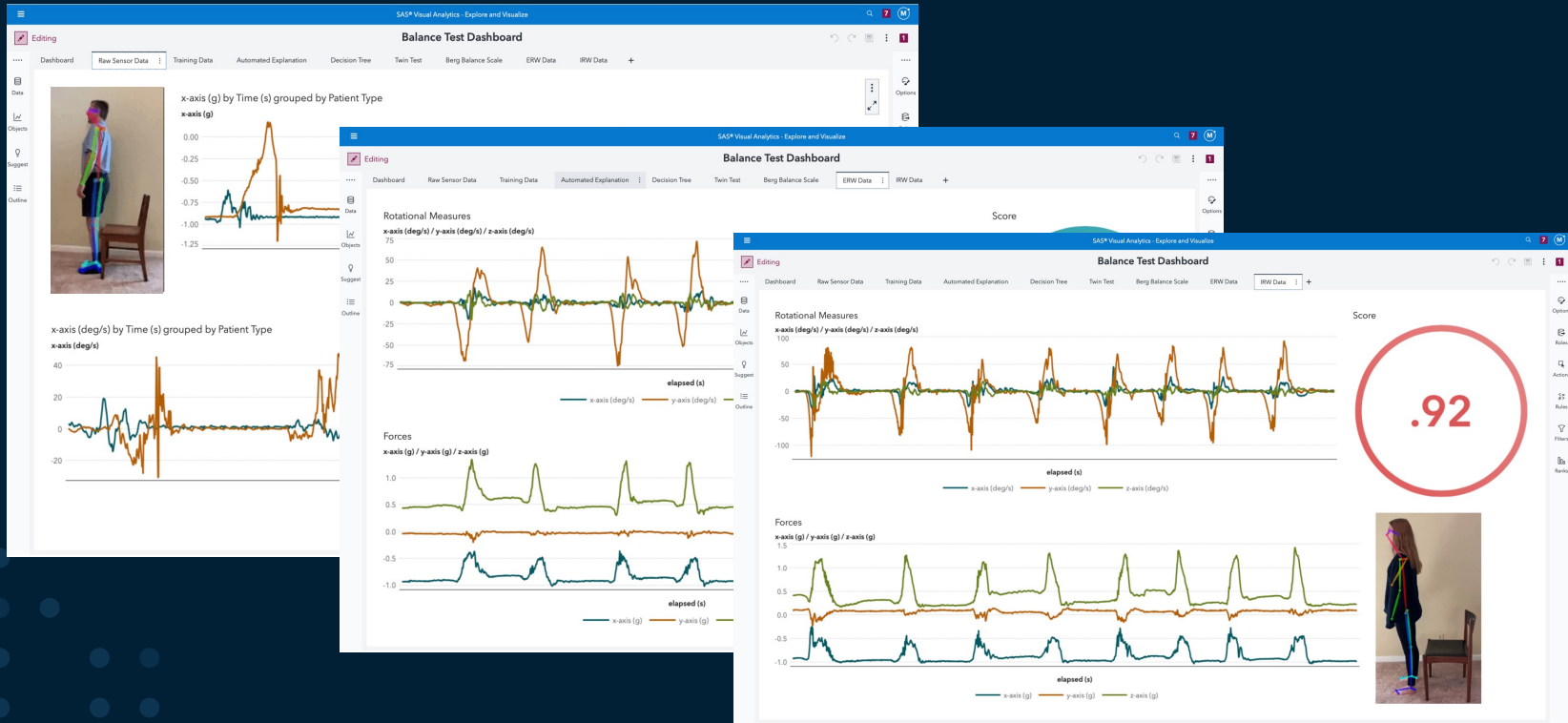


Figure 1: Magic Quadrant for Data Science and Machine Learning Platforms



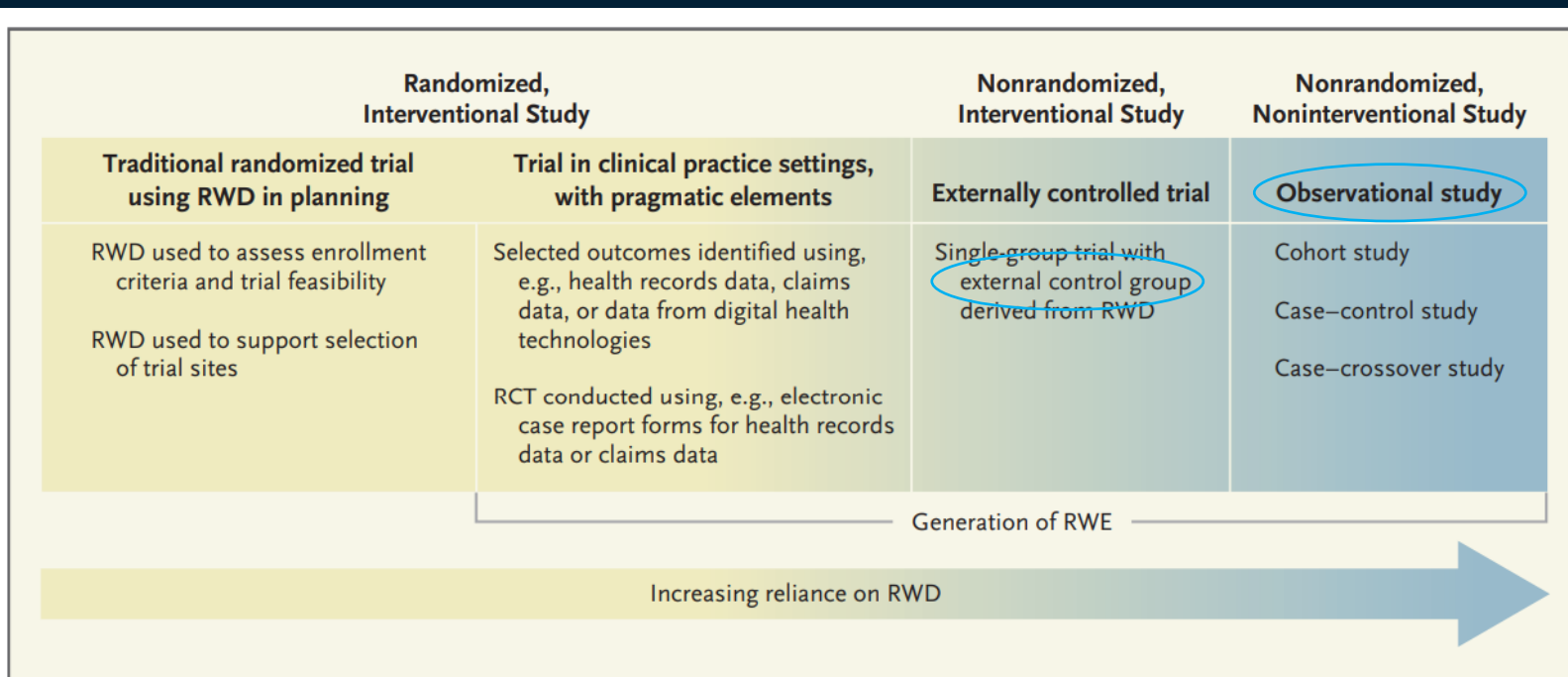
Figure 1: Magic Quadrant for Data Quality Solutions



Figure 1: Magic Quadrant for Data Science and Machine Learning Platforms



Degree of reliance on RWD varies with the type of study design



Reliance on RWD in Representative Types of Study Design.

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FDA approves new use of transplant drug based on real-world evidence

Observational study - 2021

*FDA approved a new use for Prograf (tacrolimus) **based on a non-interventional (observational) study providing real-world evidence (RWE) of effectiveness.** FDA approved Prograf for use in combination with other immunosuppressant drugs to prevent organ rejection in adult and pediatric patients receiving lung transplantation*

<https://www.fda.gov/drugs/news-events-human-drugs/fda-approves-new-use-transplant-drug-based-real-world-evidence>



Pfizer Uses EHR Data to Support Expanded Indication for Male Breast Cancer

Observational study - 2019

“The approval is based on RWD from electronic health records and post-marketing reports of Ibrance™ in male patients sourced from three databases: IQVIA Insurance database, Flatiron Health Breast Cancer database and the Pfizer global safety database”

<https://www.raps.org/news-and-articles/news-articles/2019/4/pfizer-uses-ehr-data-to-support-expanded-indication>



Synthetic Control Arms

Externally controlled trial

- Data sources
 - historical clinical trials
 - Registries, electronic health records
- Why we use it?
 - If traditional RCTs is unethical, impractical, or infeasible
 - Rare diseases, small number of eligible patients
 - Single-arm trial

The CDER approval also highlights the fact that an observational design is not synonymous with use of secondary data.² When primary data collection occurs in noninterventional studies, such as those using registries that collect data in a standardized format, investigators may encounter fewer challenges than they do with electronic health records, medical claims, or other sources, in terms of variability in the conduct and timing of clinical assessments. More general issues related to data quality include clinical relevance and reliability

By reducing or eliminating the need to enroll control participants, a synthetic control arm can ***increase efficiency, reduce delays, lower trial costs, and speed lifesaving therapies to market.***

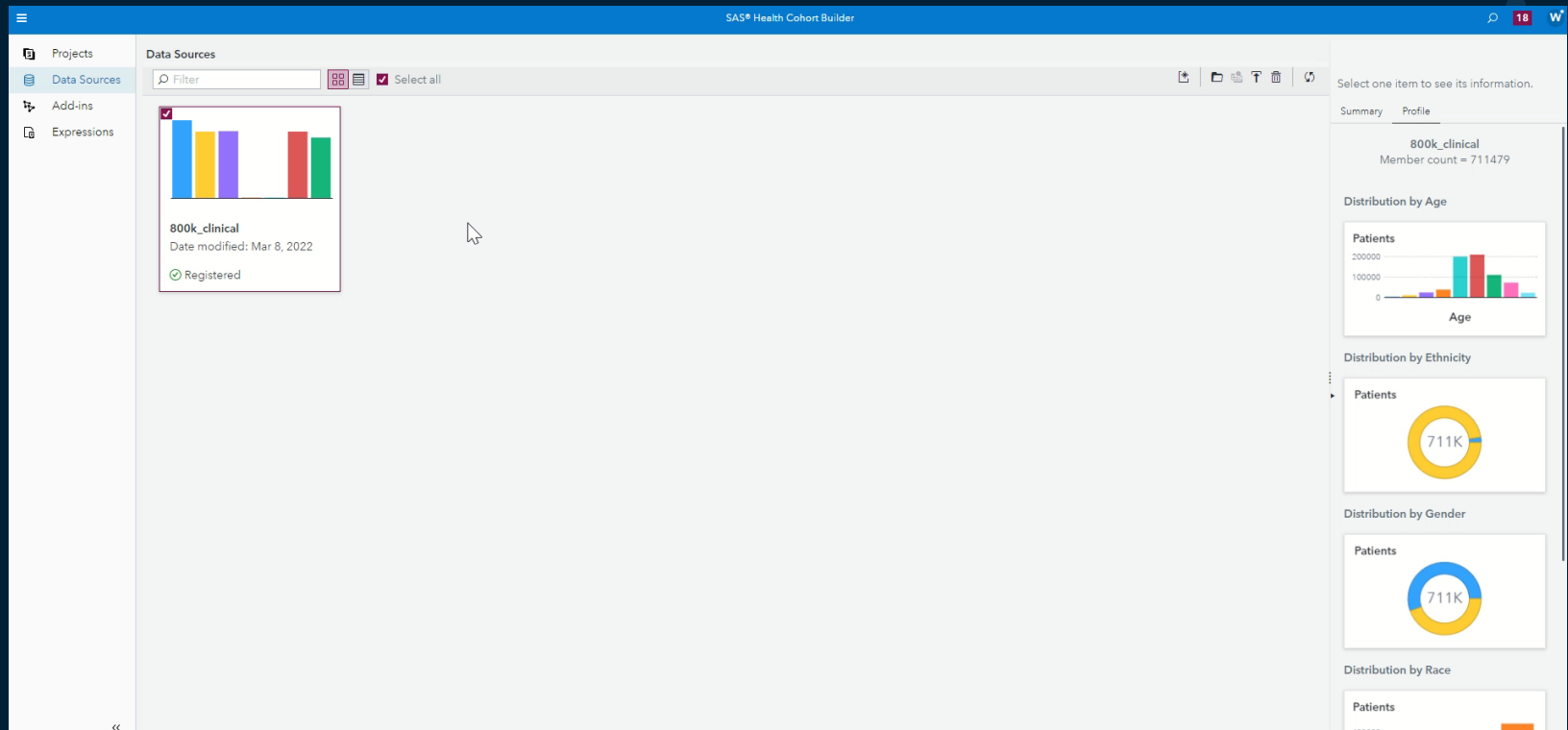
Synthetic Control Arms - Types

	External Control Cohort Inception Date	Possible Types of Data Collection	
		Retrospective	Prospective
Contemporaneous External Control	On or after the first patient enrollment in the clinical trial		
Historical External Control	Before the first patient enrollment in the clinical trial		
Hybrid External Control	Varies		

[Real-world evidence to support regulatory decision-making for medicines: Considerations for external control arms](#)

Demo

Creation of the treatment arm



Demo

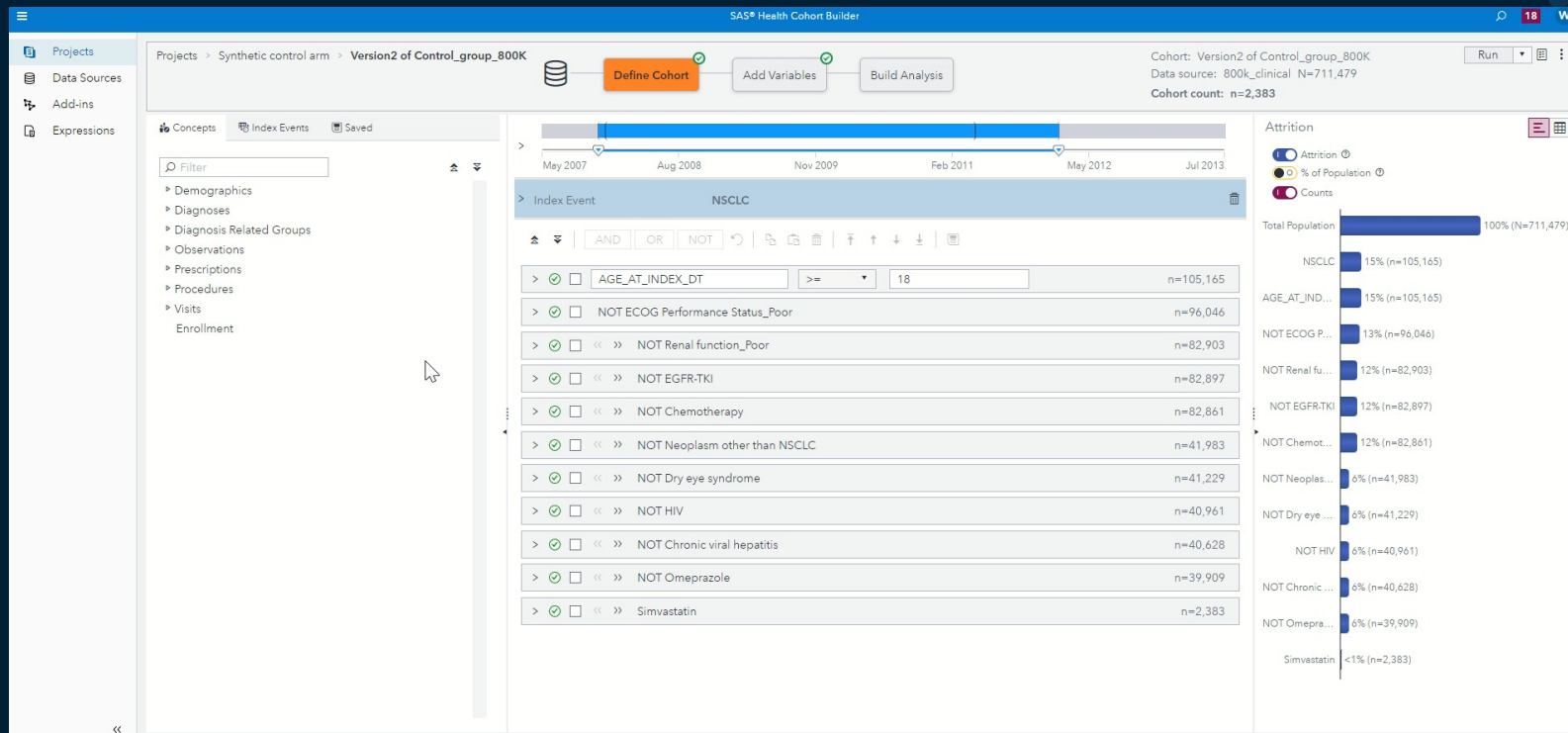
Creation of the synthetic control arm

The screenshot displays the SAS Health Cohort Builder interface. The top navigation bar includes a menu icon, the title "SAS® Health Cohort Builder", a search icon, and a user profile icon labeled "18 W". The left sidebar contains a "Projects" section with sub-items: "Data Sources", "Add-ins", and "Expressions". The main content area shows the "Synthetic_control_arm" project. Below the project name, there are tabs for "Manage Cohorts" and "Manage Project Add-ins". The "Manage Cohorts" tab is active, displaying a table titled "Index Event Cohorts". The table has columns for "Status", "Name", "Description", "Count", "Index Event", "Data Source", and "Owner". A single row is visible with a status icon (a circle with a dot), name "Tx_arm", description "Created on Sep 13, 2022, 3:24:55 PM", and other details. On the left side of the table, there is a filter section with a "Filter" input field and a "Clear Filters" button. Below this, there are expandable sections for "Type", "Data Sources", "Index Event", and "Owner", each with a checkbox and a count in parentheses. The "Type" section shows "Index Event Cohort (1)". The "Data Sources" section shows "800k_clinical (1)". The "Index Event" section shows "NSCLC (1)". The "Owner" section shows "jpnhyu (1)".

Status	Name	Description	Count	Index Event	Data Source	Owner
☐	Tx_arm	Created on Sep 13, 2022, 3:24:55 PM		NSCLC	800k_clinical	jpnhyu

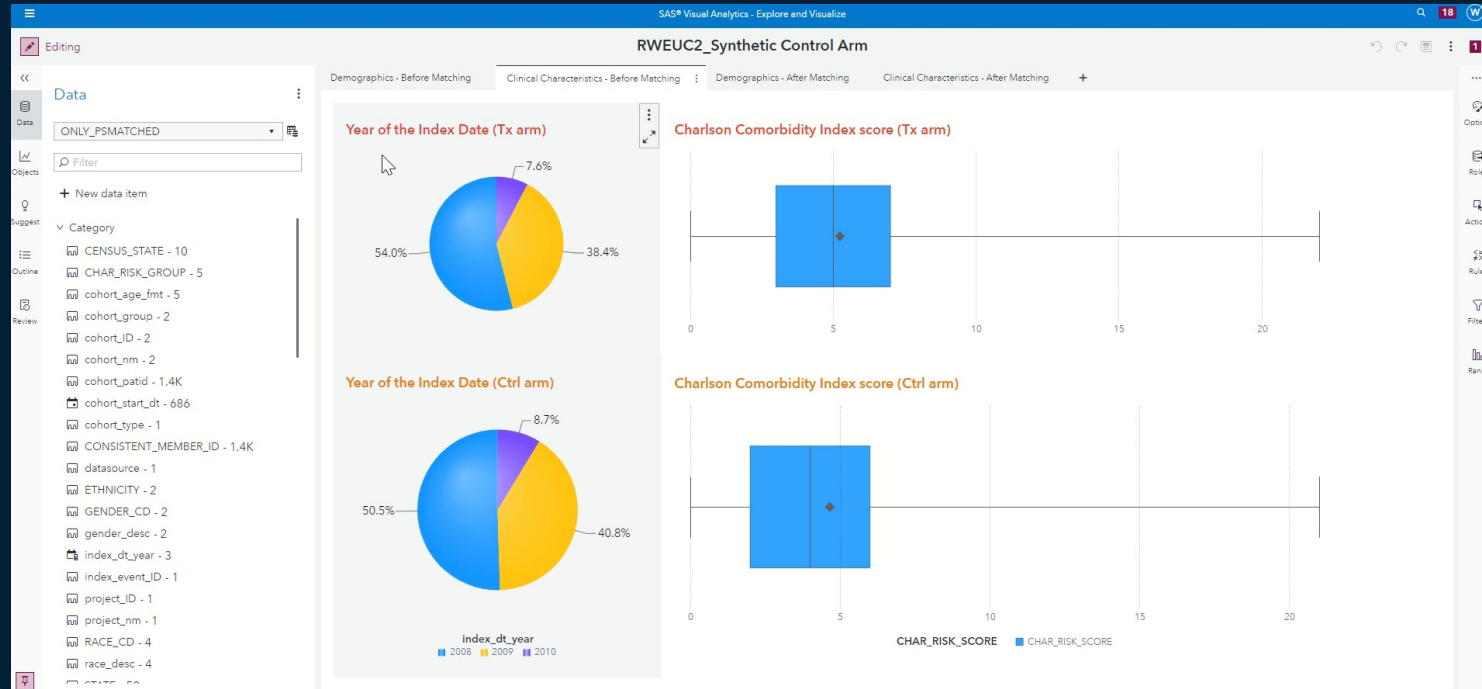
Demo

Make a crude comparison (before matching)



Demo

Identify a subset of patients in control arm using Propensity Score Matching



Key Considerations for the Use of RWE in Submission

Data

Whether the RWD are
fit for use

Framework for FDA's RWE Program

Methods

Whether the trial or study
design used to generate
RWE can provide adequate
scientific evidence to answer
or help answer the
regulatory question

Process

Whether the study
conduct meets FDA
regulatory requirements

Reliability

Relevance

Transparency & Reproducibility

Thank you!
Any Question?

CDERMedicalPolicy-RealWorldEvidence@fda.hhs.gov

sas.com

