



Setting the
Global Standard
for Clinical Data

Overview of CDISC standards and use cases along the E2E data management process

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Study #2 – dmng.xpt

ID	GENDER
A1	Male
A2	Male
A3	Female
A4	Female
A5	Male

REMINDER
why we are doing this

Study #1 – demog.xpt

SUBJID	SEX
0001	M
0002	F
0003	F
0004	M
0005	F

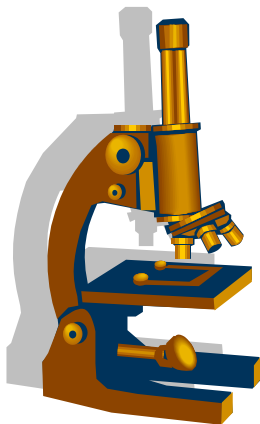
Study #3 – axd222.xpt

USUBID	SEX
00011	0
00012	1
00013	1
00014	0
00015	1

Study #4 – dmngph.xpt

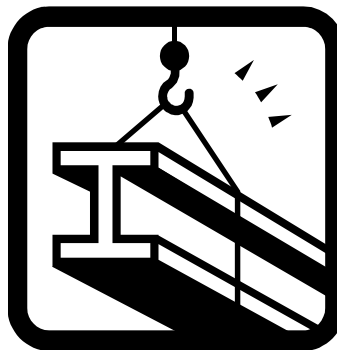
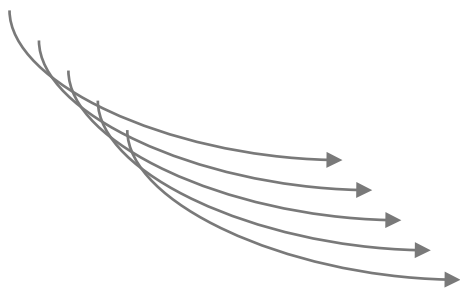
PTID	GENDER
0001	1
0002	1
0003	2
0004	2
0005	1

The speaker's view on CDISC



Sh. Semantics ~~Terminology~~

How do we call things?



Structure

Where do we put things?

- Protocol (PRG)
- CRF pages (ODM, CDASH)
- Lab forms (LAB)
- Data tables (SDTM, **define.xml**)
- Analysis tables (ADaM)



Format

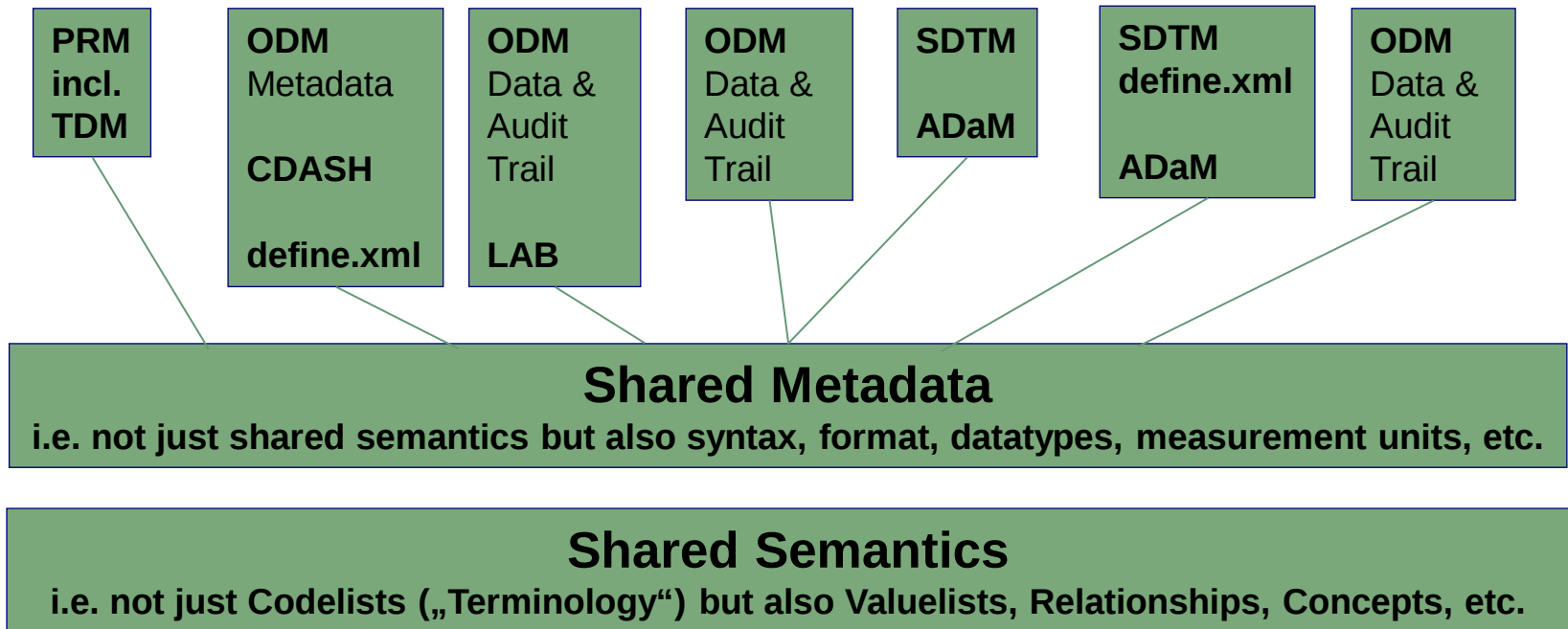
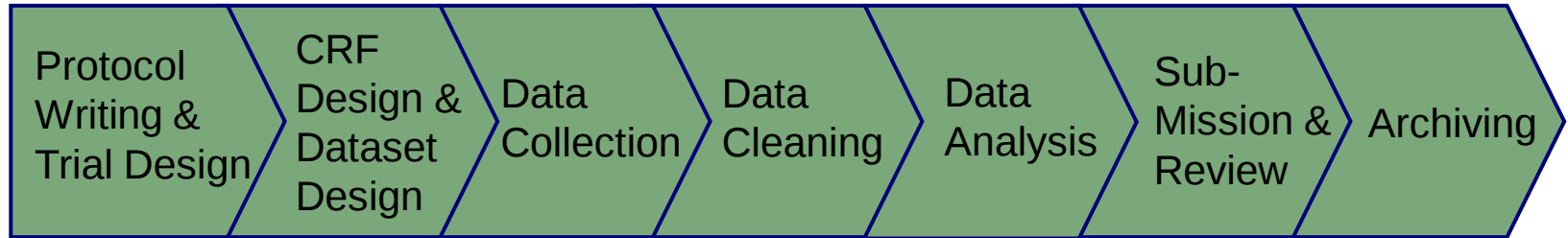
How do computers store and exchange things?

- XML (ODM)
- ~~ASCII~~
- ~~SAS~~

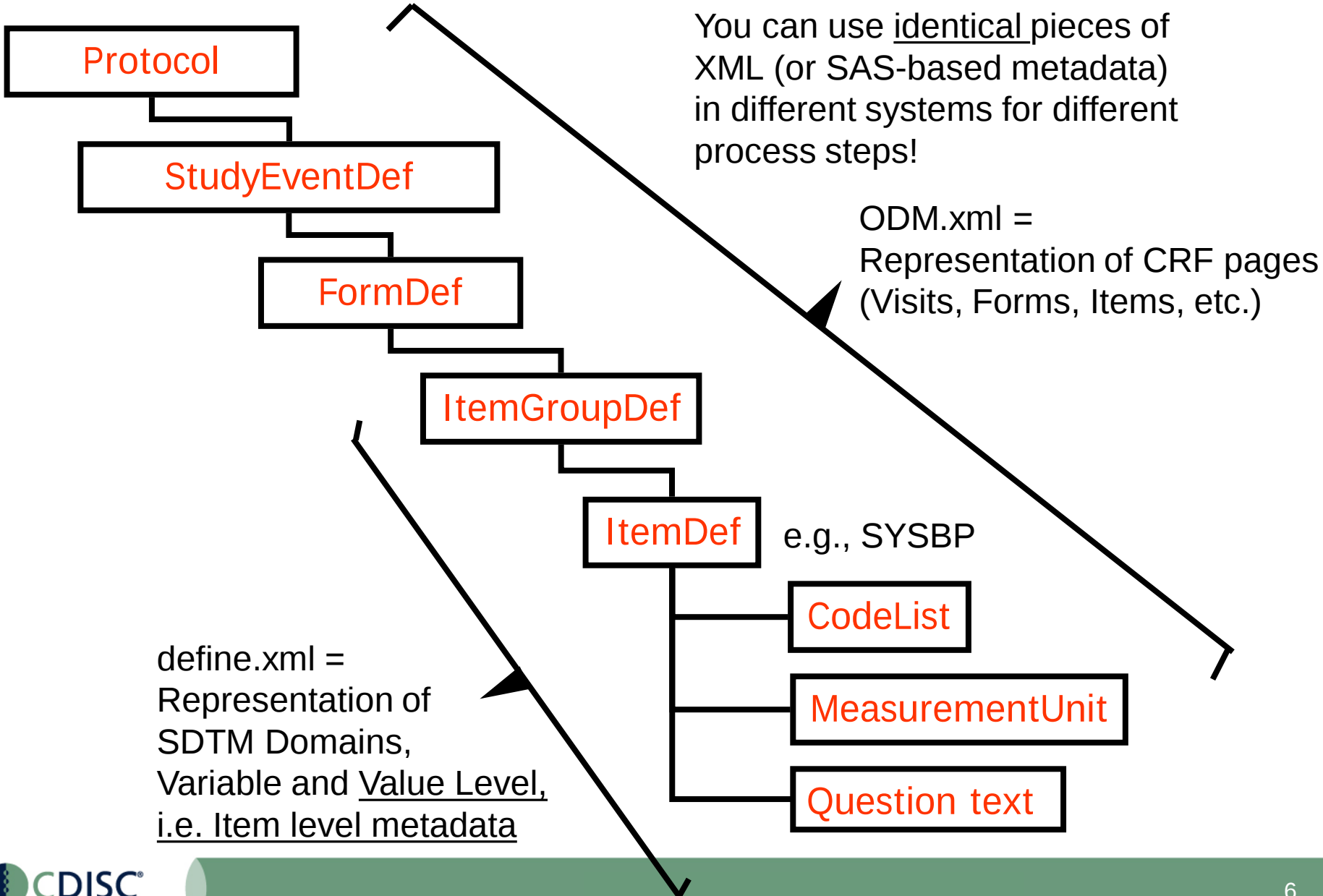
CDISC Production Standards – Where are we now?

Standard	Description	Implementation Release Date
Terminology & Shared Semantics	Developing standard terminology and shared semantics to support <u>all</u> CDISC standards	2006 and ongoing
Protocol Representation (incl. Trial Design)	Collaborative effort to develop machine-readable standard protocol <u>with data layer</u>	V 1.0 draft for comment till June 2009
ODM	Standard for CRF metadata, data acquisition, exchange, submission (define.xml) and archive	2001*
CDASH	Clinical Data Acquisition Standards Harmonization (content standard on top of ODM)	2008
LAB	Standard available for transfer of clinical lab data	2002
SDTM, SEND	Ready for regulatory submission of CRT V3.1.2 SDTM Implementation Guide	2004* Mar 2009
Define.xml	Standard for SDTM metadata (Case Report Tabulation Data Definition Specification)	2005*
ADaM	General Considerations document and examples of datasets for submission. New Implementation Guide due 3-4Q2009	2004 New IG 2009

E2E data management use cases



Metadata sharing, e.g. between ODM and define.xml



But the devil is in the detail ...

```
<ItemDef OID="VS.SYSBP"
```

```
  Name="Systolic Blood Pressure" /      Name="SYSBP"
```

```
  def:Label="Systolic Blood Pressure"
```

```
  DataType="integer"
```

```
  Length="3"
```

```
  SASFieldName="SYSBP"  SDSVarName="SYSBP">
```

```
    <Question>
```

```
      <TranslatedText xml:lang="en">Systolic Blood Pressure</TranslatedText>
```

```
      <TranslatedText xml:lang="de">Systolischer Blutdruck</TranslatedText>
```

```
    </Question>
```

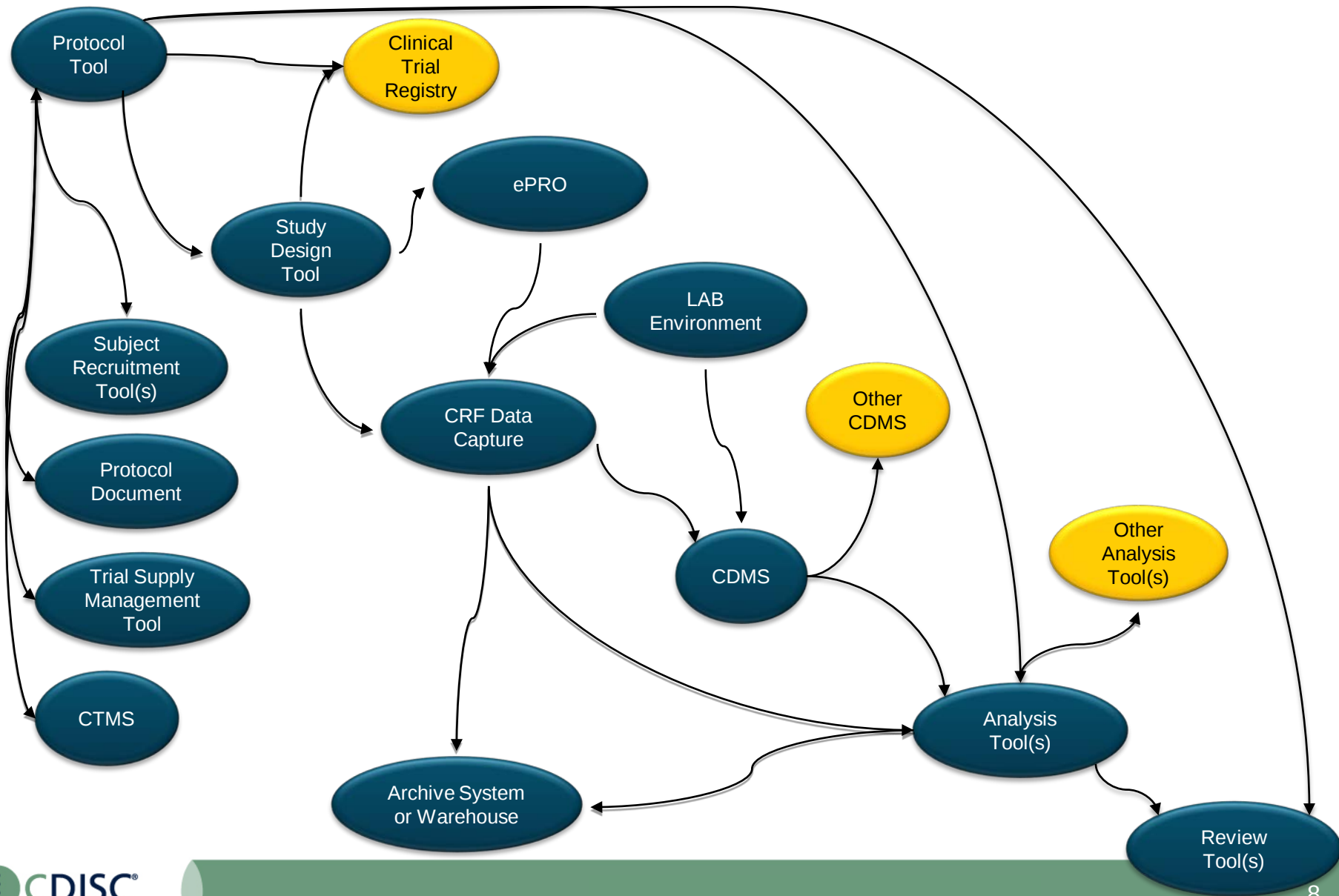
```
    <MeasurementUnitRef MeasurementUnitOID="MU.mmHg"/>
```

```
</ItemDef>
```

define.xml

ODM.xml

Use cases for data transfer: system view



Use cases for data transfer: ODM view

ODM Data Import				ODM Data Export			
Snapshot		Transactional		Snapshot		Transactional	
Metadata	Data	Metadata	Data	Metadata	Data	Metadata	Data

auto-configure e-CRF
auto-create a-CRF

auto-amend e-CRF

- Software tools are certified for each of these separate use cases.
- These standard use cases allow for painless exchange between systems of different vendors!

The E2E process can have many variations

- Example 1: how to create CRF metadata (ODM)
 - copy from a metadata repository
 - import from another tool (e.g. a PRM/TDM tool)
 - create from scratch with a design tool
- Example 2: how to move data from EDC/CDM database into SDTM datasets in SAS
 - proprietary SDTM export mechanism in the EDC system
 - certified export to ODM, load ODM into SAS, transform to SDTM with SAS tools
 - certified export to ODM, transform to SDTM with XML technology, load SDTM into SAS (PROC SQL)